

This is not about how to teach other people

This is about *your* personal professional development

Three Principles:

- Interaction
- Usability
- Relevance

Methodology

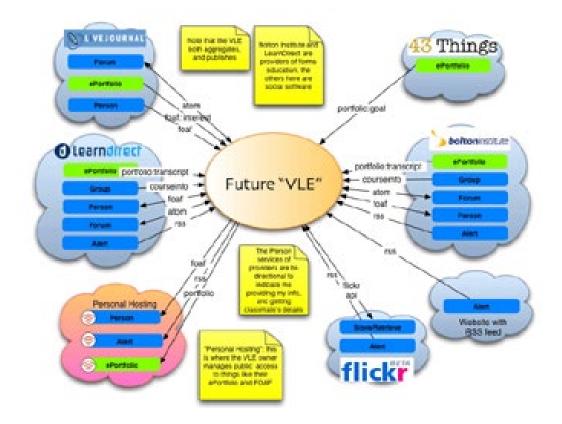
- What it is
- Why we want it
- How to get it
- About / Types
- Principles
- Guerilla Tactics

About Reality

- Principles and theories are not reality
 they're just heuristic devices
- Reality is complex let it go
- Theories are just ways to describe reality, not reality itself

Interaction

 participation in a learning community (or a community of practice) (or a network)





Interaction:

"... the capacity to communicate with other people interested in the same topic or using the same online resource."

- Why do we want it?
 - -Human contact

 talk to me...
 - -Human content ...

 teach me...

Interaction: How to Get It

- You cannot depend on traditional learning for interactivity...
 - Most learning based on the broadcast model
 - Most interactivity separated from learning



Interaction: How to Get It

- Build your own interaction network
 - Place <u>yourself</u>, not the content, at the

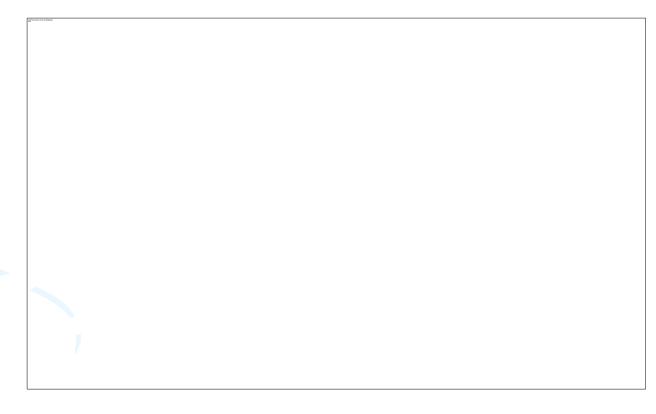
centre

 Email and mailing lists – eg., DEOS, wwwedu, ITForum, IFETS, online-news, RSS-DEV...

 Weblogging – reading your subscriptions, leaving comments, longer responses in your own

blog

 Personal communication – instant messaging, Skype, Twitter



Online Forums – Using, eg., Elluminate,
 Centra – examples, CIDER, Net*Working,

EdTechTalk

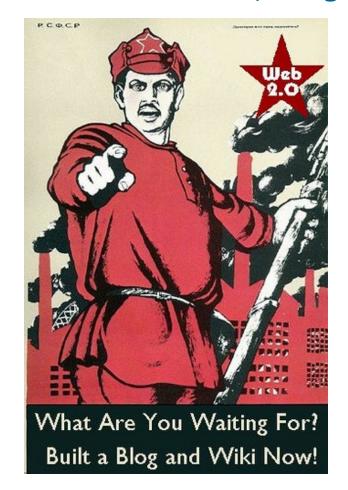
Interaction: Principles

- Pull is better than push...
- Speak in your own (genuine) voice (and listen for authenticity)
- Share your knowledge, your experiences, your opinions
- Make it a habit and a priority



Interaction: Guerilla Tactics

- If interaction isn't provided, create it...
 - Eg., if you are at a lecture like this, blog it



Interaction: Guerilla Tactics

- If your software doesn't support interaction, add it
 - Eg., embed Javascript comment, RSS in LMS pages



Network Formation

- Aggregate
- Remix
- Repurpose
- Feed Forward

Usability



simplicity and consistency

"... probably the greatest usability experts are found in the design labs of Google and Yahoo!"

- Elements of Usability
 - -Consistency ... I know what to expect...
 - -Simplicity ... I can understand how it works...

Consistency? As a Learner?

Yes! Take charge of your learning...



Consistency? As a Learner?

- Clarify first principles...
 - for example, how do <u>you</u> understand learning theory? Eg. <u>Five Instructional</u>

 <u>Design Principles Worth Revisiting</u>



Consistency? As a Learner?

- Organize your knowledge
 - For example, build your own CMS (using, say, Drupal)

Simplify the Message

- Summarize, summarize, summarize
 - (and then put it into your own knowledge base)

Simplify the Message

- Use your own vocabulary, examples
 - You own your language don't let academics and (especially) vendors tell you what jargon to use

Simplify the Message

Don't compartmentalize (needlessly)



Usability: Principles

- Usability is Social:
 - Can you search your own learning?
 - Do you represent similar things in similar ways?
- Usability is Personal:
 - Listen to yourself
 - Be reflective eg., is your desktop working for you?

Usability: Guerilla Tactics

• Important: your institutional CMS is almost certainly dysfunctional – create your own distributed knowledge management system...



Usability: Guerilla Tactics

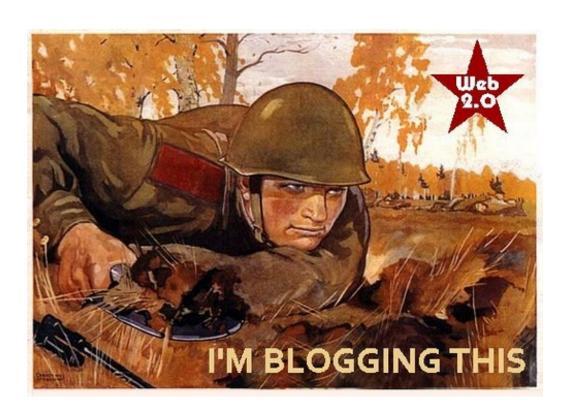
-Create a blog on Blogger, just to take

notes



Usability: Guerilla Tactics

-Store photos on Flickr



Network Learning

- Principles of associativity: Hebbian learning, proximity, back-propagation, Boltzmann
- To teach is to model and demonstrate
- -To learn is to practice and reflect

Relevance



Relevance – or salience, that is, learning that is important to you, now

Relevance:

"... learners should get what they want, when they want it, and where they want it "

- Generating Relevance
 - -Content ... getting what you want
 - -Location, location, location...

Getting What You Want

 Step One: maximize your sources – today's best bet is RSS – go to www.google.com/reader, set up an account, and search for topics of

interest

Getting What You Want

 Step Two: filter ruthlessly – if you don't need it now, delete it (it will be online somewhere should you need it later)

Getting What You Want

Important: Don't let someone else dictate your information priorities – only you know what speaks to you



Getting It Where (and When) You Want

 Shun formal classes and sessions in favour of informal activities



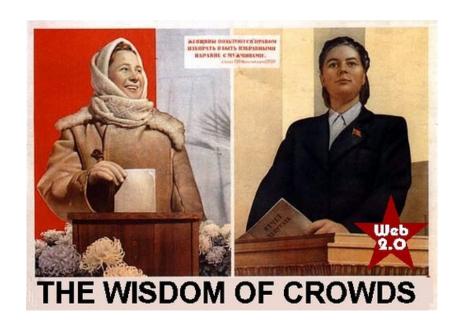
Getting It Where (and When) You Want

- <u>Do</u> connect to your work at home (and even on vacation) – <u>but</u> – feel free to sleep at the office
 - Most work environments are dysfunctional
 - -Your best time might not be 9 to 5 ...
 - Ideas (and learning) happen when they happen

Principles of Relevance

- Information is a <u>flow</u>, not a collection of objects
 - Don't worry about remembering, worry about <u>repeated exposure</u> to good information
- Relevance is defined by <u>function</u>, not topic or category
- Information is relevant only if it is available where it is needed

 Develop unofficial channels of information (and disregard most of the official ones)



 For example, I scan, then delete, almost all institutional emails (and everything from the director)

 Create 'project pages' on your wiki (you have a wiki, right?) with links to templates, forms, etc.



Demand access



Route Around Blocking

Network Semantics

- Autonomy
- Diversity
- Openness
- Connectedness

What I'm *Really* Saying Here...

1. You are at the centre of your own personal learning network



What I'm *Really* Saying Here...

2. To gain from self-directed learning you must be self-directed



What I'm *Really* Saying Here...

3. These principles should guide *how* we teach as well as how we learn



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