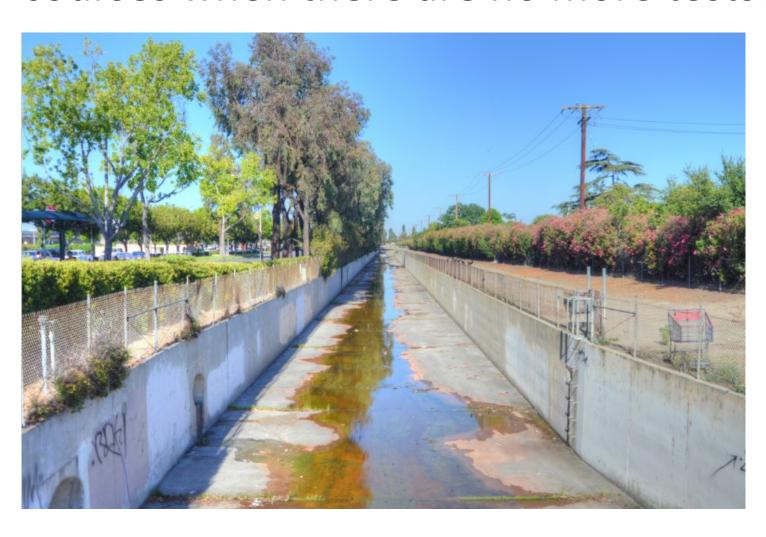


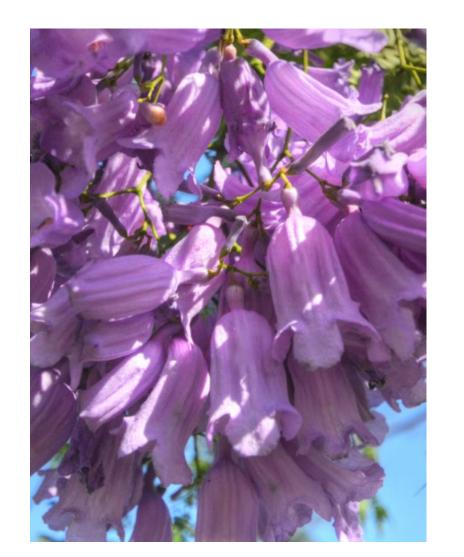
The question I'd like to put today: what happens to courses when there are no more tests?



## The course as a support system for a test

#### Two criteria for success:

- The student *finishes* the course, and
- A passing grade on the evaluation or test



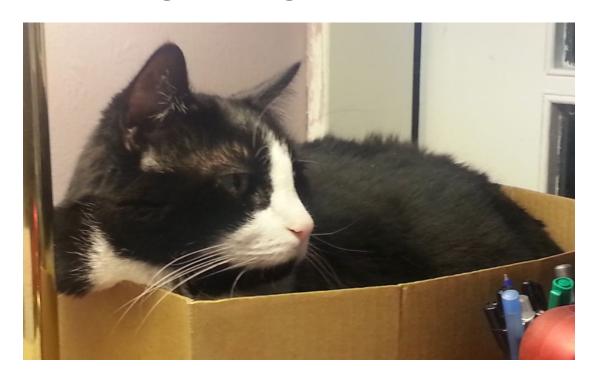
## The passion for finishing...

- "Finish your supper, there are starving children in..."
- "It ain't over 'till it's over..."
- "Giving up" on a book, "walking out" of a movie or a play



## The passion for testing

- Outcomes based... "The proof is in the pudding"
- The need for a resolution of competition the "best"
- Getting the right answer the whodunit, the victor



### An alternative reality...

- To taste instead of simply consuming
- The idea of experiencing rather than merely attending
- Browsing rather than absorbing everything



## The complexity of it all...

We could not eat all the food in the world – and we have multiple criteria for success in eating (taste, nourishment, safety...)

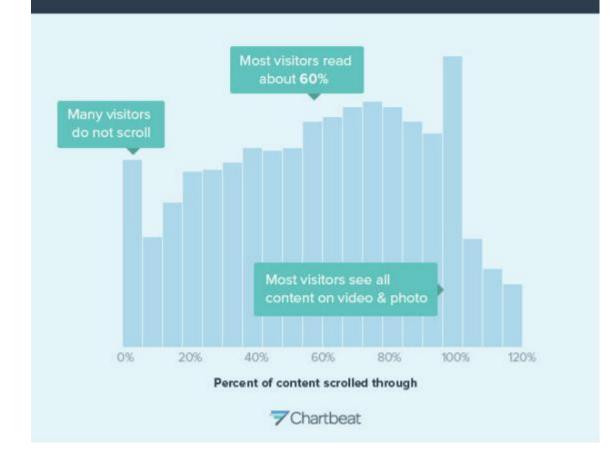




We cannot watch everything in a sport – not even in a single game – and even a win can be a 'bad game' We don't have time to read all the books in a library, or all the articles in the NY Times – criteria for success include salience, interest and avocations, prurience...

http://www.slate.com/articles/technology/technology/ /2013/06/how people read online why you won t finish this article.single.html

#### Percent of Article Content Viewed

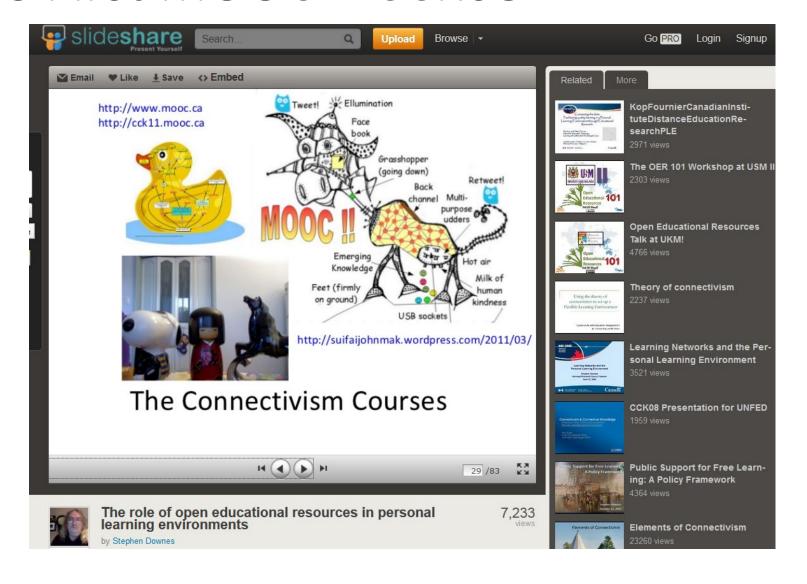


## The challenge...



- How do we *learn* in this alternative reality?
- How do we *know* this learning has been a success?

#### The First MOOC – CCK08



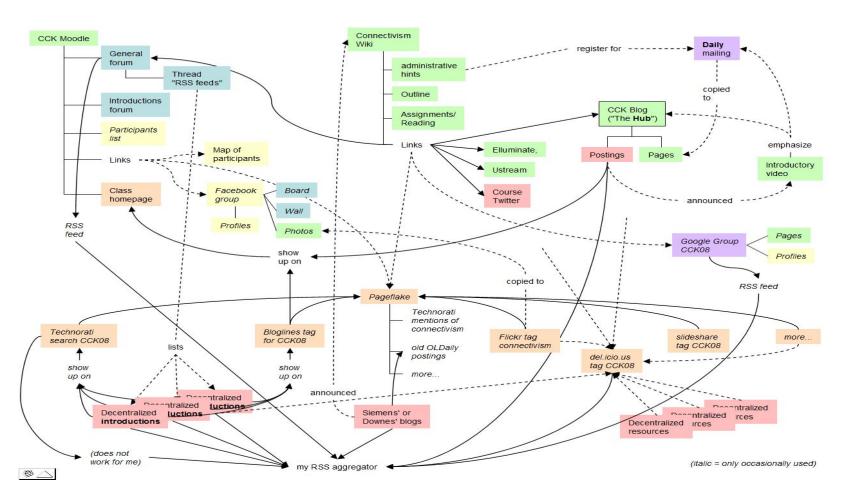
#### What are MOOCs

- Massive by design
- Open gratis and libre
- Online vs. blended and wrapped
- Courses vs. communities, websites, video collections, etc

#### cMOOCs vs xMOOCs

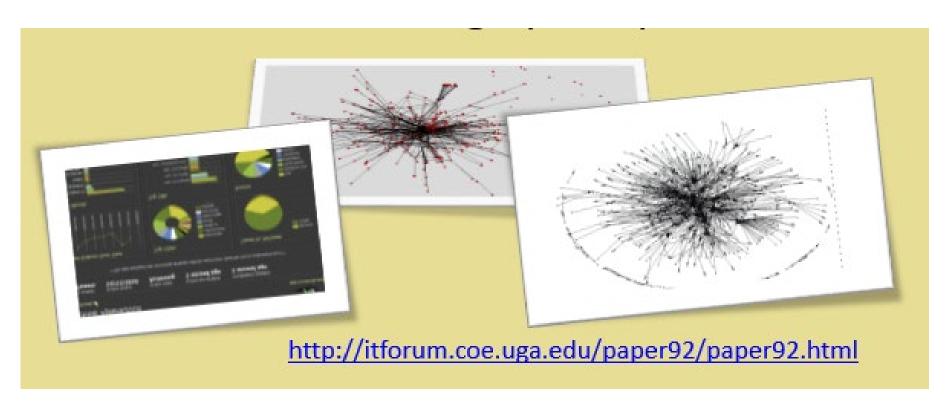
- xMOOCs the Big Elite Universities Way
  - Collections of centralized resources
  - Mass events (like videos, live events)
  - Automated grading etc.
- cMOOCs the Connectivist Way
  - Based on community, conversation, culture
  - Most importantly, are distributed

# The Connected Application

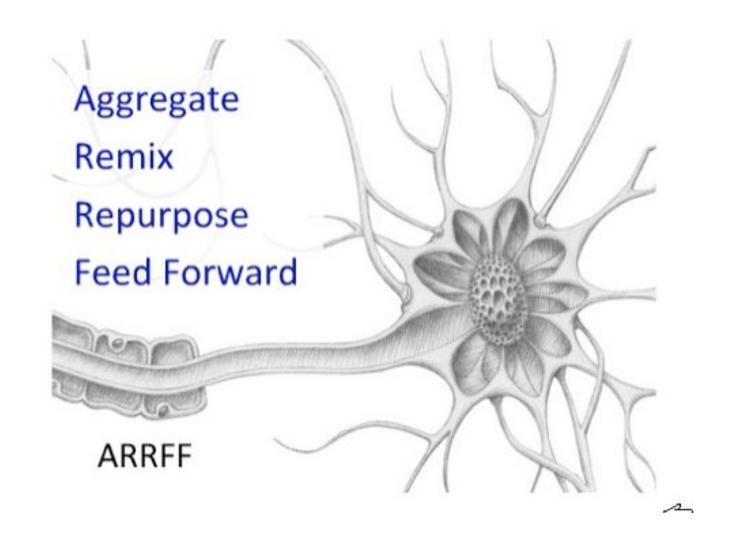


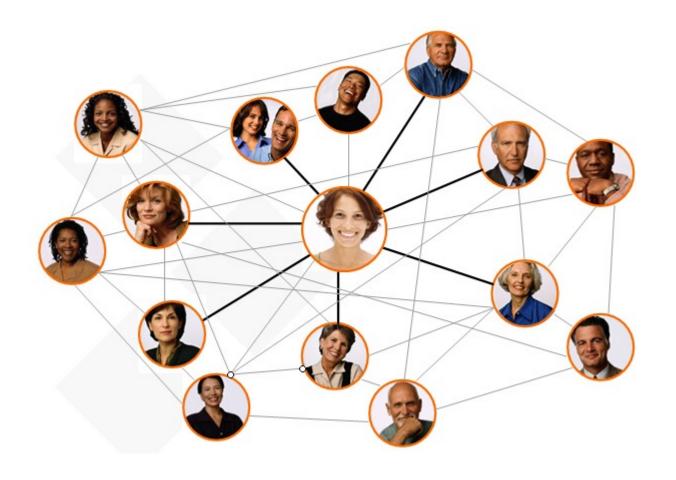
http://x28newblog.blog.uni-heidelberg.de/2008/09/06/cck08-first-impressions/

Design principles of the MOOC – autonomy, diversity, openness, interactivity

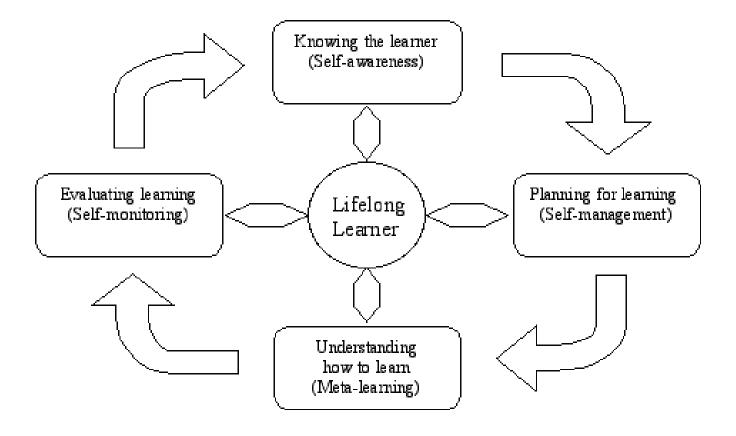


#### Pedagogy of the MOOC – aggregate, remix, repurpose, feed forward



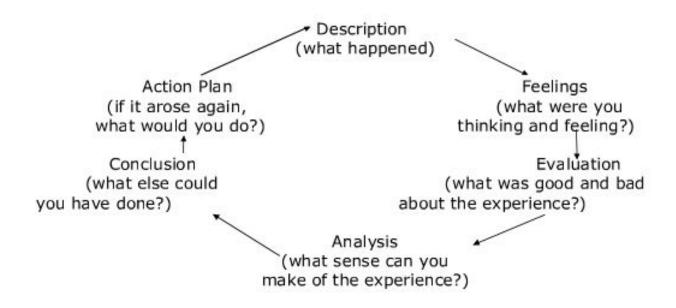


What do we think of when we think of life-long learning? Classrooms?



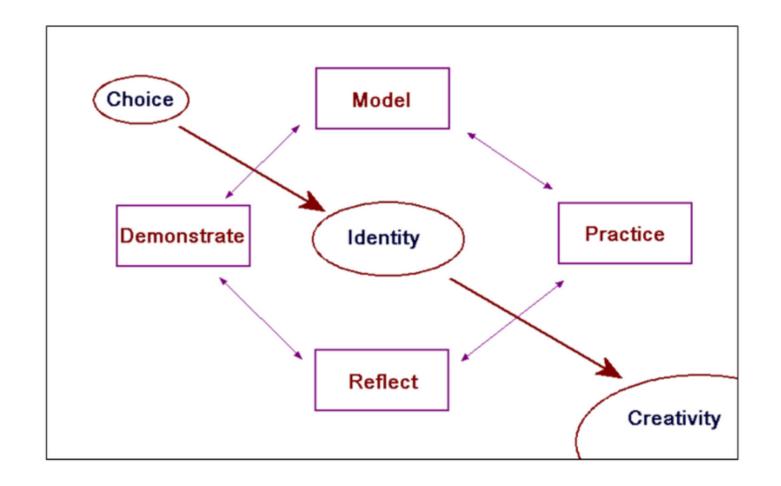
We think of life-long learning as an ongoing process, not a static event.

#### Gibbs' Reflective Cycle (1988 adaptation of Kolb)

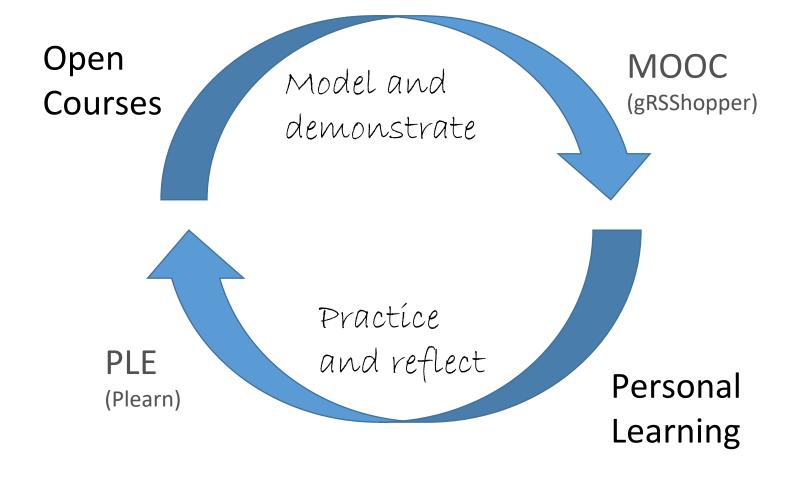


We think of learning as an active process where we try things out and make sense of the experience

Image: http://annekcam.blogspot.ca/2011/09/reflecting-on-e-learning-theories-and.html



To teach is to model and demonstrate, to learn is to practice and reflect

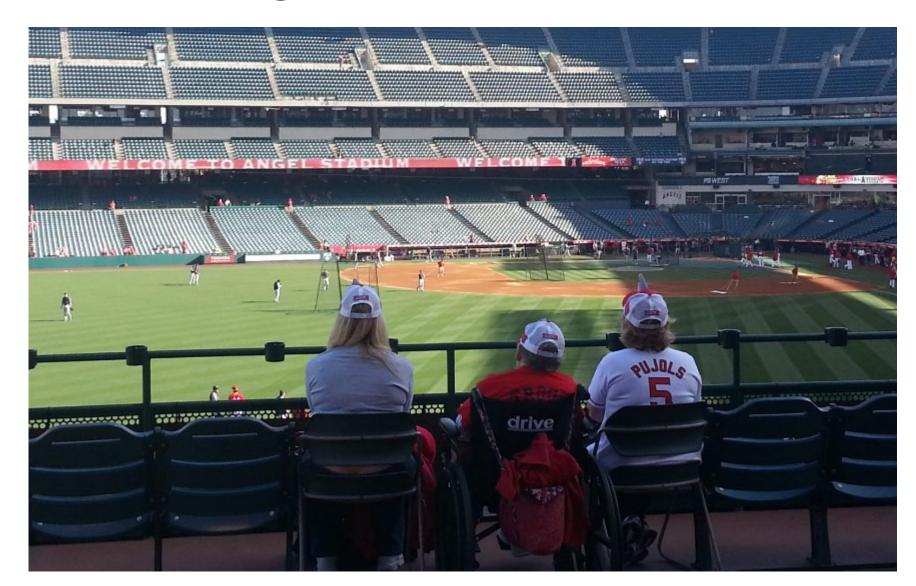


There are two sides to the learning equation; this presentation is focused on learning



In this presentation, I invite you to think about how you learn

# What is knowledge?



## What 'Knowing' Is...

the knowledge is in the network



#### Old: universals

- rules
- categories

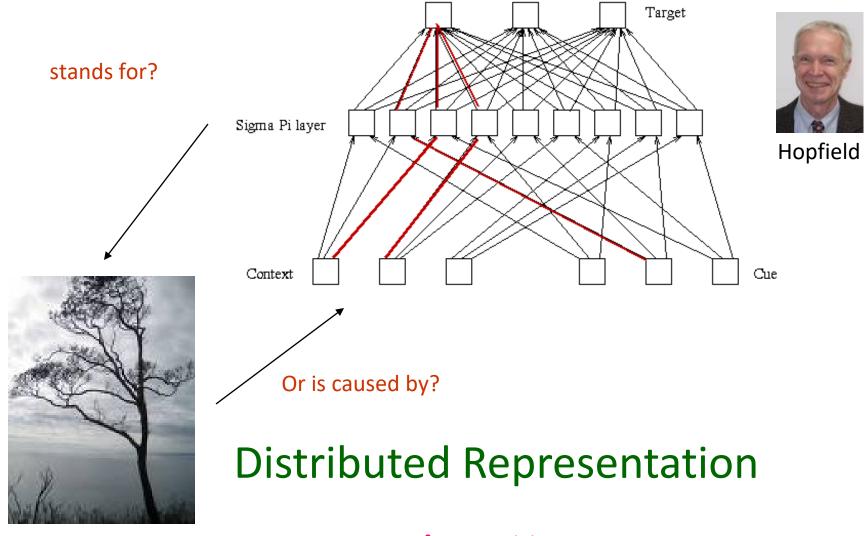
#### New: patterns

- similarities
- coherences

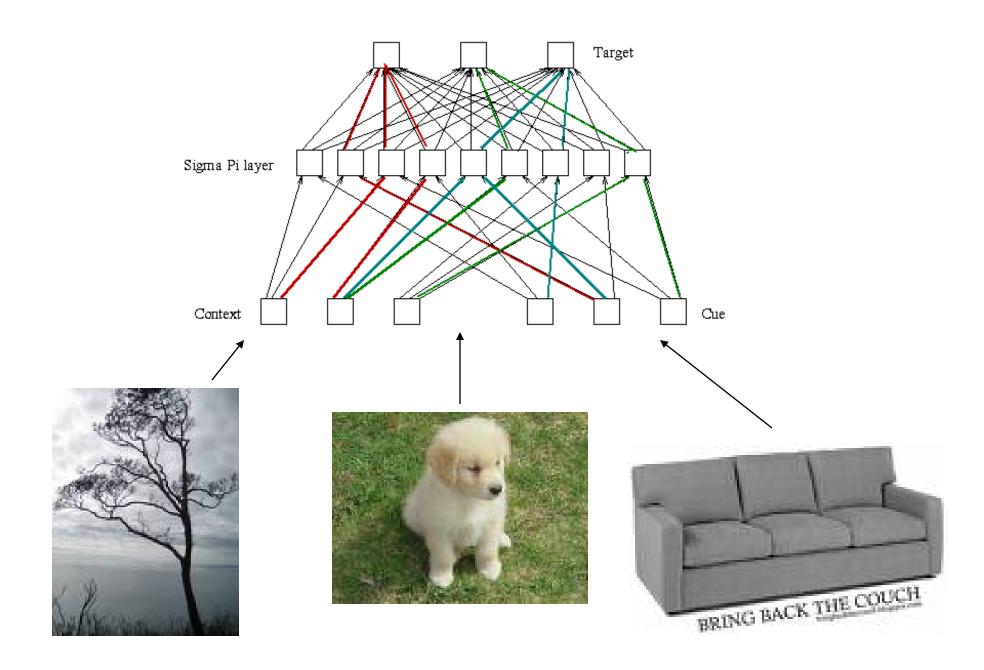
the knowledge is the network

### Emergence

- How we perceive patterns of connectivity
  - Take the actual connections, and interpret them as a distinct whole
  - Take the distinct whole, and interpret as a set of connections
- As <u>Hume</u> would say, our 'perception' of a causal relationship between two events is more a matter of 'custom and habit' than it is of observation.



= a pattern of connectivity



## Meaning

- Traditionalist theories 'meaning' is the state of affairs represented or described
- But what about 'redness', or '17', or 'power law?' (Or 'one' as in 'one tree', 'one puppy', 'one couch'?)
- These are complex phenomena we can't simply grasp
  - They are composed of the organization of low-level nonmeaningful entities
  - We need to experience multiple phenomena multiple times

### Organization

- Personal knowledge: The organization of neurons
- Public Knowledge: The organization of artifacts

- A common underlying logic: graph theory, connectionism, social network theory, etc.
- If a human mind can come to 'know', and if a human mind is, essentially, a network, then any network can come to 'know', and for that matter, so can a society.

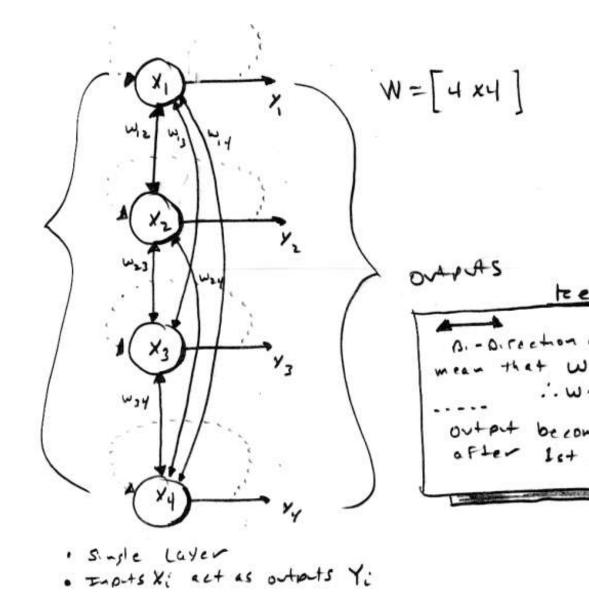
# What is learning?



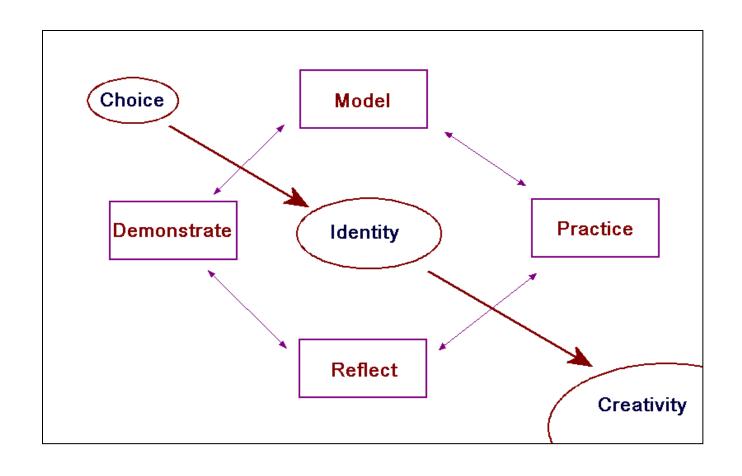
## Learning Theories

Network Learning... Fronts

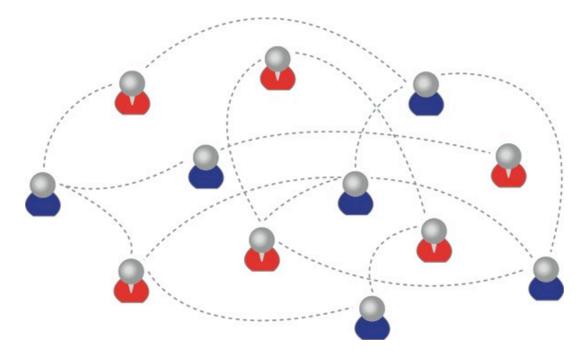
- Hebbian associationism
  - based on concurrency
- Back propagation
  - based on desired outcome
- Boltzman
  - based on 'settling', annealing



# 'Downes Theory' of Pedagogy



## Personal Learning



We are using one of these

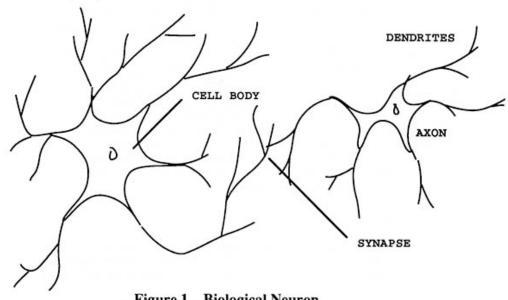
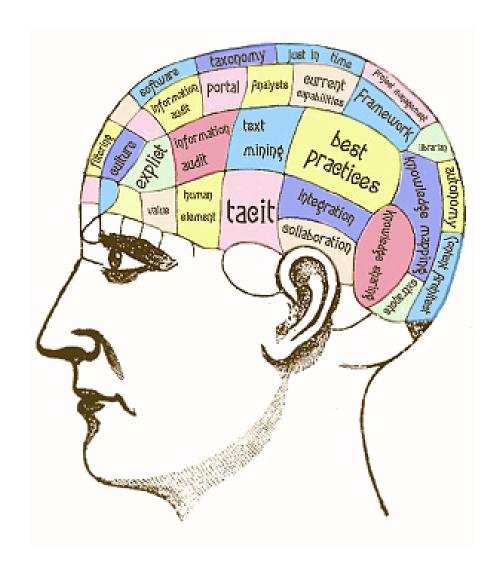
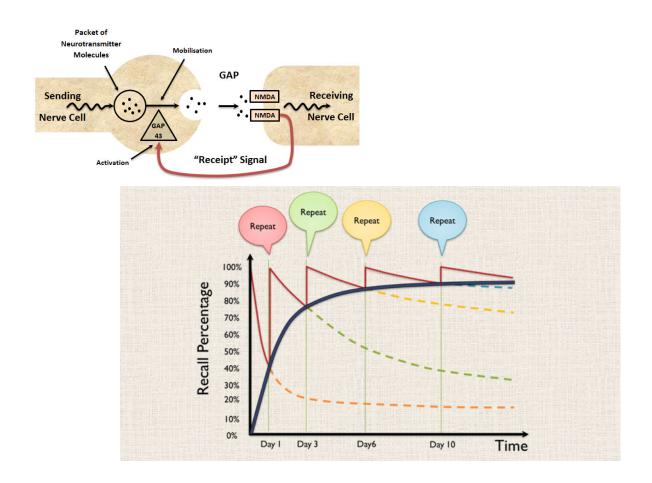


Figure 1. Biological Neuron

To create one of these

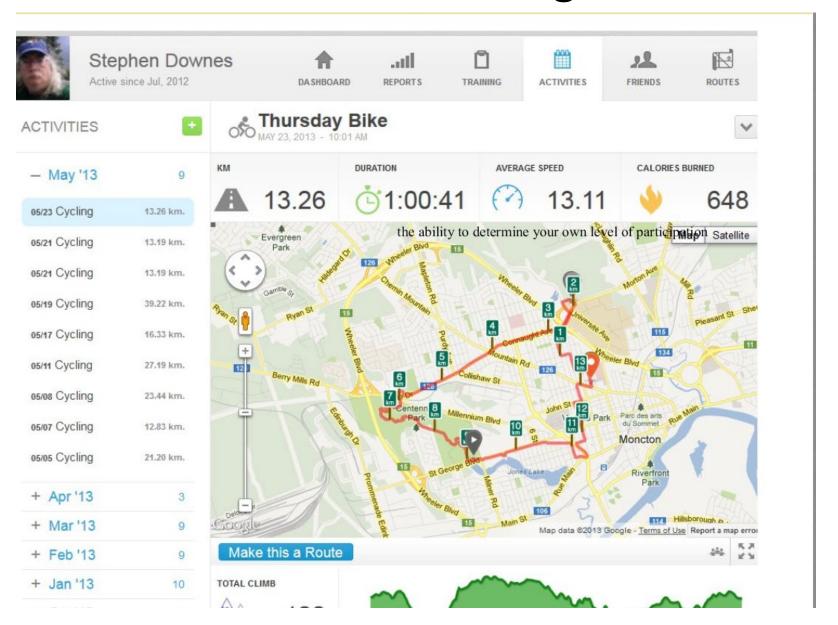


Developing personal knowledge is more like exercising than like inputting, absorbing or remembering

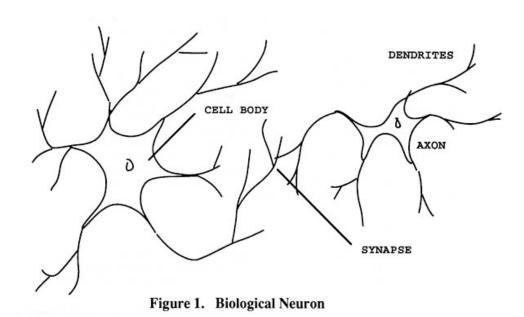


Keep in mind *how* we learn: repeated exposure, formation of habits

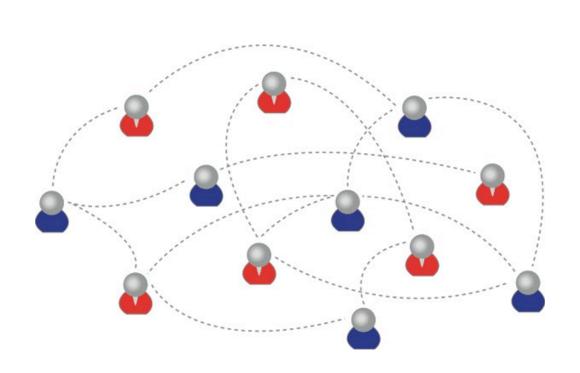
#### What is it to 'finish' exercising?



#### Network-Based Assessment

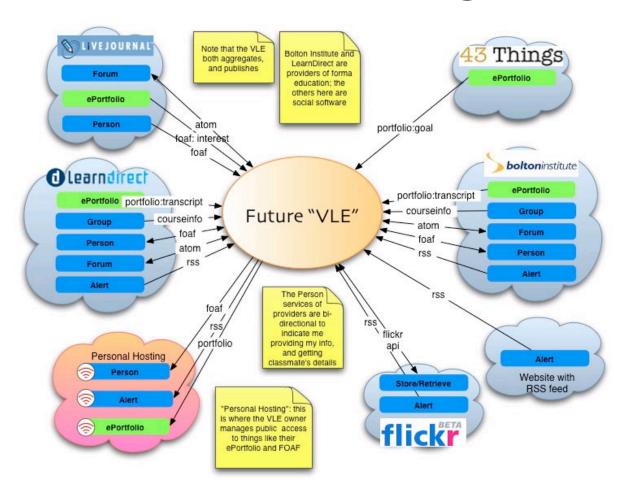


We recognize this



By perfomance in this

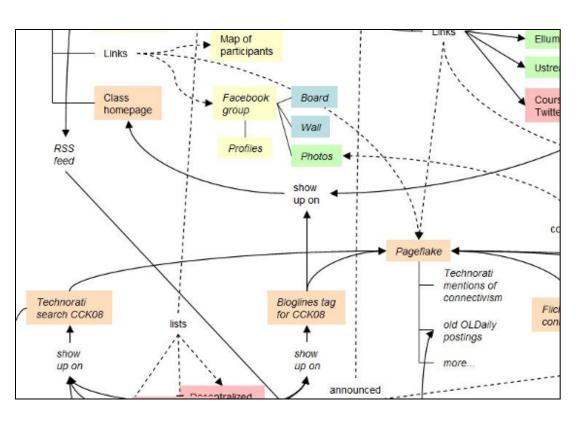
## Personal Learning Environment



A PLE is a tool intended to *immerse yourself* into the workings of a community

# gRSShopper

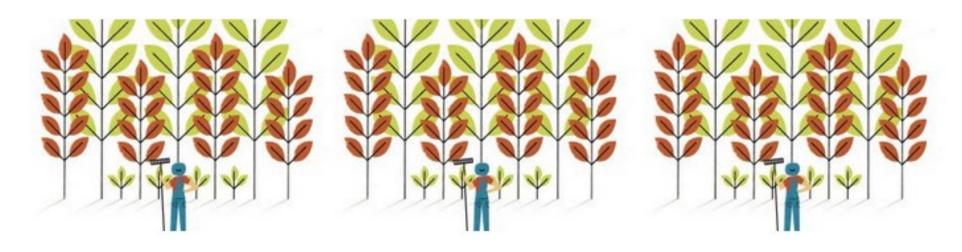




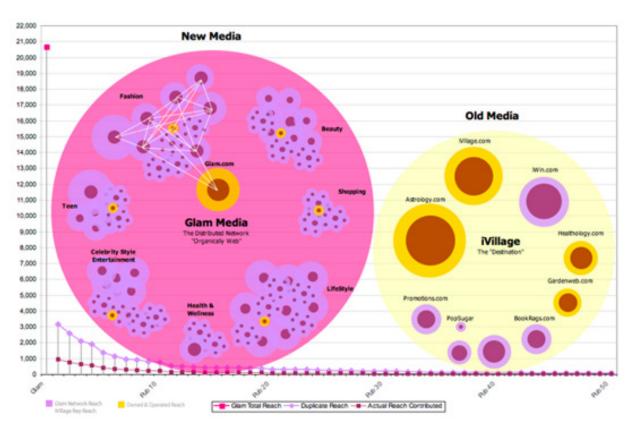
- A tool for managing connections
- Used in Connectivism course

#### What constitutes success in a network?

- "I was astonished at the level of activity.
- "Study groups were forming based on language and geography. There were Spanish and Portuguese groups, study units forming in Bulgaria and Russia, Boston and India."



## 1. Actually being in a network

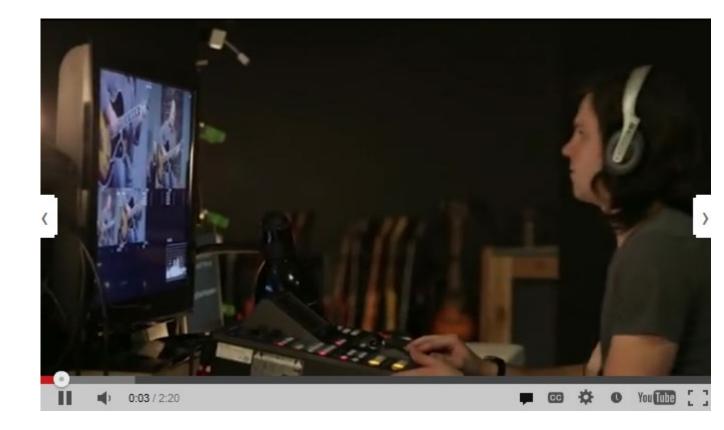


Compare with 'old media', which tries to swallow visitors whole (when all they want is their horoscope)

#### 2. Network Metrics

#### For example:

- Generating awareness
- Increasing sales
- Driving loyalty



#### Google:

http://www.google.com/ads/displayn
etwork/success-stories.html

Legacy Learning drives sales online using the GDN, by increasing the volume of clicks and conversions while maintain a steady CPA.

## 3. Support

- Not just likes or clicks
- 'Support' is tangible –
   but not measurable
- Be able to 'cull links' to increase support



## 4. Network Perspective

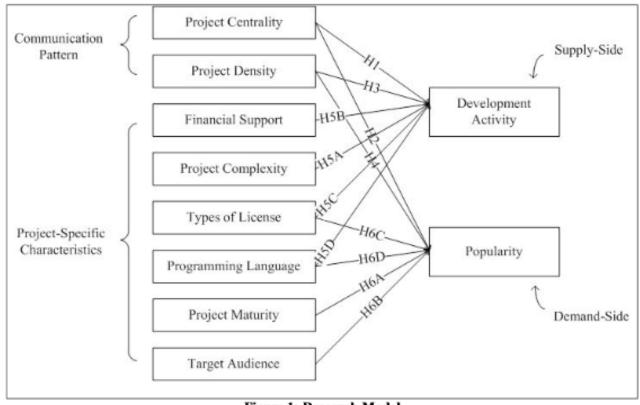


Figure 1: Research Model

- Complexity of input parameters
- Complexity of project outcomes

Wu and Tang - http://www.pacis-net.org/file/2007/1189.pdf

#### 5. Innovation

- That 'something new' feeling
- The concept of "radical openness"
- Eg. AT&T "Foundry"

http://networkingexchangeblog.att.com/ent erprise-business/5-keys-to-innovation-yourbusiness-needs-to-succeed/



http://www.att.com/gen/press-room?pid=2949

